

Signal Controllers

• DCC Signal Controllers - Wire in any LED signals to control from DCC accessory address

Automatic Sensor Signals

Detects train and changes signal automatically to red

Used own & signal changes back to green after train short time Or link to other Sensor Signals for fully automatic block signalling Can be used on both DC & DCC - Feather & Theatre versions

Automatic Coach Lighting

- DC & AUTO WIRE 00 DCC AUTO FREE HO Easy to fit - no wiring or switch - senses motion & turns on!
- Turns off automatically fits most coaches may be cut down No pickups or wires so works on regular DC & DCC
- Traditional warm white or modern cool white
- Also with tail light, sparking, door beeps and door light effects

Servo Controller

- Controls standard radio control servo from DCC, Track Sensor or Mimic switch
- Ideal for animating Level Crossing barriers / gates, Slow points or signals, Coal hopper Easy to wire and set up connects directly to DCC or 8-16 volts smooth DC supply

Relay Controller

- Two channel Relay unit which can be controlled by Track Sensor, Sensor Signal or DCC Enables remote control of motors, solenoids, lamps etc
- Incorporates two heavy duty relays with changeover contacts rated at 8-24 volts at 3 A

Automatic Train Control

- Link Sensor Signals to Relay Controller for automatic trains which stop at red lights!
- Can be used on DC or DCC Layouts
 Easy wiring: Sensor Signal link with one wire and Isolated braking section two wires.
- Also supports ABC fitted DCC Loco's for gradual slow down and speed up with sound

Tools, LEDs & Accessories

We offer a range of LED packs, battery holders, wire, switches & terminals Also handy modelling tools including precision cutters, drill bits & spare batteries

Smart Screen

00 H0

• Real working animated screen - customise with your message • Use DCC to program - then can be run on DC or DCC

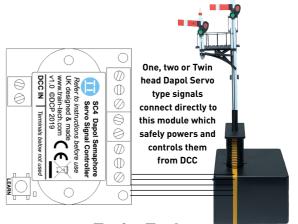
- Trigger messages with DCC, swtiches, track sensors or just cycle
- Message can change with direction of train on both DC & DCC
- Display upto 10 different messages can also show real time clock
 Range of enclosure available Programming service available
- Small w 31mm x h 9.5mm x d 4.5mm
- Stationary top line bottom line automatically scrolls

SEE WWW.TRAIN-TECH.COM OR ASK FOR FREE COLOUR BROCHURE



SC4 DCC Signal Controller for two Dapol Servo Semaphores (00 or 0)

- Control Dapol Servo type Semaphores by DCC!
- Use standard Dapol signals no modification
- Just 2 wires to nearest DCC track little wiring
- Easy One-Touch DCC™ no CV programming!
- No extra power required regulator built-in



www.Train-Tech.com

See our website, your local model shop or contact us for a free colour brochure Train-Tech, Gaugemaster House, Gaugemaster Way, Ford Road, Arundel, BN18 0BN Telephone 01903 884321 • email train-tech@gaugemaster.co.uk

SC4 - Signal Controller for one, two or twin head Dapol Servo type Semaphore Signals in 00 or 0 CAUTION - ALWAYS SWITCH OFF POWER TO YOUR LAYOUT BEFORE CONNECTING THIS CONTROLLER

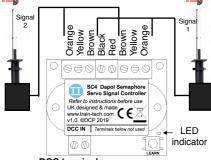
This Signal Controller incorporates a DCC decoder to enable it to be wired directly to the track and be operated by any controller or computer DCC system which is able to control DCC accessories. Please read these instructions before connecting or fitting your controller.

CONNECTIONS

The SC4 Signal Controller is designed specifically to power & control one or two or twin head Dapol **Servo** type Semaphore signals. *Switch off ALL power before connecting up!*

Connecting your signal to the SC4

Each Dapol Servo Semaphore signal comes with red & black wires for power and a 3 wire plug-in wired toggle switch for control. To be able to connect to the SC4 you either need to disconnect the switches and use those wires to connect (extending the wires if necessary), or use Dapol extension cables to make the connections. The wires are colour coded orange, yellow, brown and shown on the label and below. If using 2 signals on one controller, fit pairs of red and black power wires into the terminals Warning Please note it is extremely important to only connect the signal switch inputs to the specific signal terminals of the SC4 which has been specially designed to control these signals: you may damage the signal and invalidate the warranty if you connect them incorrectly.



DCC terminals

Connect the 2 terminals marked DCC IN to nearby rails or the DCC controller output - any polarity.

Troubleshooting

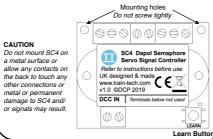
- Step 2 above is the 'One Touch' DCC stage which programs your chosen signal address into the controller, so if things are not working as they should check the following:
- Check that the SC4 Indicator LED is lit if not and DCC locos etc run correctly check all the connections between your DCC Controller and the SC4. Note that the SC4 should be connected to the standard DCC track output (not a programming track output).
- If the SC4 LED is lit but does not flicker when you send a command, check that your DCC controller is in <u>Accessory</u> addressing mode note that these are completely different to Locomotive addresses and should be explained in your controller instructions. If not check that your controller will control DCC accessories most do but some of the low cost starter controllers such as the Bachmann E-Z command and Prodigy Express models will not.
- Do not connect anything to the 4 PCB silver pads next to the DCC input terminals - they are not used on this model (they are used on the SC400 which has extra inputs for track sensors and mimic switches).
- If the signal does not operate and the lights behind the semaphore are not lit, check that you have connected the black and red wires into the terminal blocks correctly - they are quite fine wires.
- Wires can be extended and joined if necessary, but we recommend a maximum length of 4 metres between the signal and the SC4 controller.
- Note that the SC4 allows sufficient time for the semaphore signal to move through its full distance before allowing it to change again, so if you notice a delay between rapid signal changes this is intentional to ensure reliability and is quite normal.
- When Dapol Servo Semaphore signals are first powered up they reset their arms to Stop, but the after a couple of seconds the SC4 will automatically return them to the position they were in before they were switched off.

SETTING SIGNAL ADDRESSES

The SC4 can control 1 or 2 signals and you need to assign a DCC accessory address for each one. In our example we will use address 60 for signal 1 and address 65 for signal 2.

- · Switch DCC power on the SC4 LED will light
- Set up your controller to control DCC accessories (refer to controllers instructions), then set your controller to the DCC accessory address you choose for Signal 1 (eg 60).
- To set up Signal 1, press the 'Learn button' once the SC4 LED will start single flashing. Press either a ◀ or ▶ 'direction' command from your controller (or 1 or 2) to set the address. The LED will stop flashing and Signal 1 is now set to the address you chose and will change using the direction control. If signal is in the opposite position than you want just repeat.

To setup Signal 2, set your controller to the address you want to give signal 2 (eg 65), press the Learn button *twice* and the SC4 LED will start double flashing. Then repeat as above, pressing your controllers direction control to set that address into the SC4 for Signal 2. If it is in opposite position than you want then repeat.



Location board labels

You can give your signal a location number which is the same as the DCC address you have programmed into your signal controller and which will make the signal much easier to identify and operate.

The legends printed below can be cut out and fitted to your signal.





CONTROLLING THE SIGNALS

Control the signals by setting your controller to the DCC accessory address of the signal and sending a ◀ or ▶ 'direction' command from your controller to change the signal position (actual commands vary between controllers and manufacturers so refer to its instructions)

In our example

Address (60) ◀ or ▶ = Signal 1 Up or Down
Address (65) ◀ or ▶ = Signal 2 Up or Down
The SC4 LED flickers once or twice as you send
a command to show which signal changes

Each signal can be controlled independently with its own unique address or can be easily synchronised to other DCC signals or points etc by giving them the same address as each other.

For example you could program a Distant Signal

with the same address as a Home signal, then the Distant will automatically follow the same position of the following Home signal. Or you could set a signal to automatically show Stop when a point is set against a train going towards it! Again all that you need to do is set the Signal to the same DCC accessory address as the point controller address.

Synchronising addresses is especially easy to do with Train-Tech One Touch DCC™ Point and Signal controllers because all you need to do is press the Learn buttons of all of the Signal and Point Controllers you want to sync and then send the address command - all will then be linked and respond together on that address.

Tip

Remember that whichever ◀ or ▶ command you use when you set the signal address dictates the command which will set the signal to that position and the SC4 will remember it. If you want to change it just repeat the process in step (2).

DCC control

DCC is a system which transmits both power and digital commands down 2 wires or rails to control and power locomotives and accessories.

At Train-Tech we believe that DCC technology should make life easier to build, program and use model railways, so we have designed a range of DCC Signals, Controllers and accessories which all connect using 2 wires and are all programmed using just one touch

The SC4 can connect directly to the nearest DCC track to minimise wires - it takes both its commands and power from the rails.

Other useful tips and information

If you intend to fit lots of different DCC accessories and lights etc around your layout you may find it is better to install a 'bus-bar' system instead of using the track to carry the load for everything.

A bus-bar can made simply of 2 thick wires which you distribute around the underside of your baseboard - thick solid copper wires stripped from some surplus heavy mains cable can be ideal.

Further information

Train-Tech publish a comprehensive catalogue which is free on request.

www.train-tech.com

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